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Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное  
учреждение  
высшего профессионального образования  
«Томский государственный университет систем управления и  
радиоэлектроники»

КАФЕДРА ИНОСТРАННЫХ ЯЗЫКОВ

Пакет контрольных измерительных материалов для практической работы к  
учебному пособию «Английский язык для студентов Экономического  
факультета Pre-intermediate»

Учебно-методическое пособие.

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Пакет контрольных измерительных материалов для практической работы к учебному пособию «Английский язык для студентов Экономического факультета Pre-intermediate» Учебно-методическое пособие. / Потапова Т.Н. – 2016. 38 с.

Министерство образования и науки Российской Федерации, Федеральное государственное бюджетное образовательное учреждение высшего профессионального образования «Томский государственный университет систем управления и радиоэлектроники», Кафедра Иностранных языков. – Томск: ТУСУР, 2016. – 38 с.

Данное пособие для практической работы предназначено для студентов 1 курса ТУСУРа направлений бакалавриата ЭФ очной формы обучения, обучающихся по учебному пособию «Английский язык для студентов экономического факультета. Pre-intermediate». Пособие составлено в соответствии с целями и задачами дисциплины «Иностранный язык». Пособие содержит контрольно-измерительные материалы для практической работы, а именно тренировочные тесты с ключами для текущего контроля по каждому разделу, а также приведена рейтинговая система оценки успеваемости, что позволяет студенту самостоятельно оценить свою успеваемость по дисциплине.

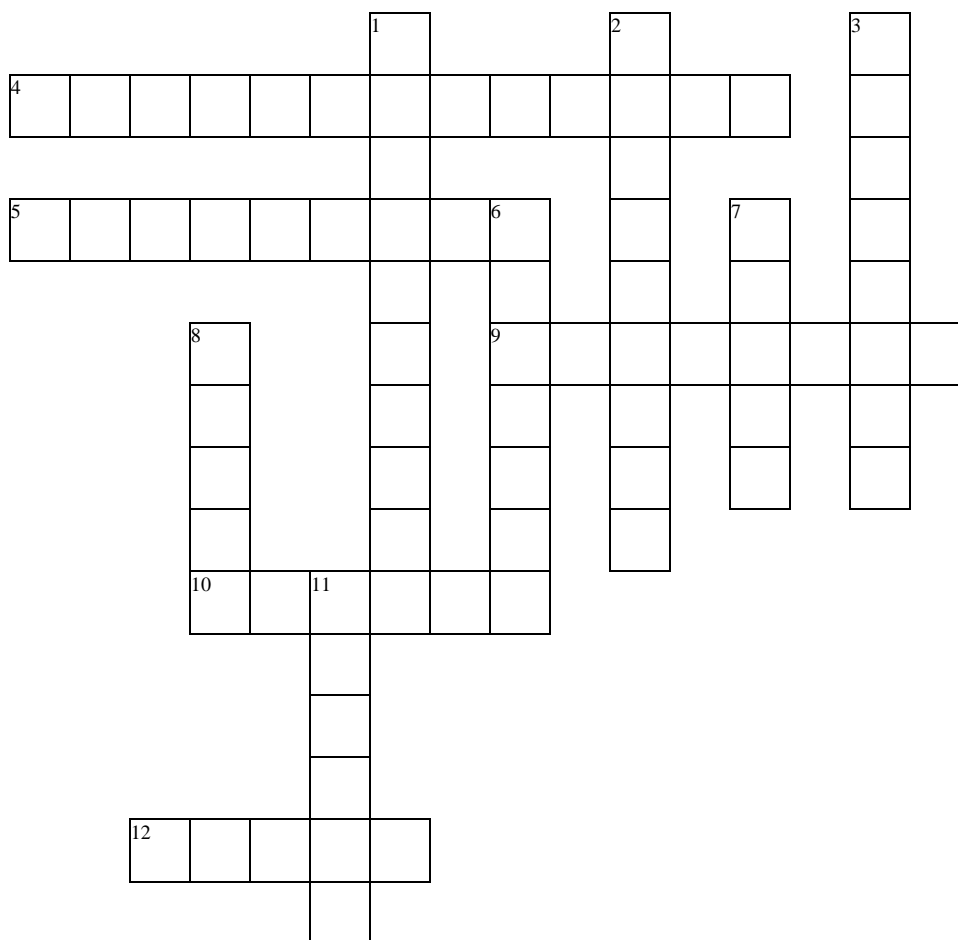
Пакет контрольных измерительных материалов для практической работы к учебному пособию «Английский язык для студентов Экономического факультета Pre-intermediate» Учебно-методическое пособие размещено в электронном виде на образовательном портале ТУСУРа.

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## Lesson 1 What is economics?

### 1. Solve the crossword puzzle below



#### Across

4. – личная выгода, заинтересованность  
5. \_\_\_\_\_ stability – финансовая стабильность  
9. – заёмщик, получатель ссуды  
10. – продавец  
12. – покупатель

#### Down

1. – человек, лицо  
2. – ресурсы  
3. – 1) бизнес, дело 2) компания, предприятие  
6. – рабочий  
7. – товары  
8. – налоги  
11. – кредитор, ссудодатель

### 2. Choose the correct form of the following verbs:

wake(s) up - open(s) - speak(s) - take(s) - do(es) - cause(s) - live(s) - play(s) - close(s)  
- live(s) - drink(s)

1. Ann ... handball very well.
2. I never ... coffee.
3. The swimming pool ... at 7:00 in the morning.

4. It ... at 9:00 in the evening.
5. Bad driving ... many accidents.
6. My parents ... in a very small flat.
7. The Olympic Games ... place every four years.
8. They are good students. They always ... their homework.
9. My students ... a little English.
10. I always ... early in the morning.

**3. Write positive sentences in simple past.**

1. he / the question / answer
2. you / a question / ask
3. the dog / bark
4. they / us / call
5. we / a mountain / climb
6. John / stamps / collect
7. we / in London / live
8. I / hungry / be
9. they / a hamster / have
10. he / to school / go

**4. Write questions in simple past.**

1. Anna / the window / open
2. Did Anna open the window?
3. she / home / walk
4. you / in the garden / work
5. you / a song / sing
6. she / on a chair / sit
7. you / the castle / visit
8. Jenny / the door / lock
9. she / happy / be
10. Greg / the ball / kick
11. the car / at the corner / stop

## Lesson 2 Economic theories

### 5. Find 13 words from the Wordbank.

E	F	F	B	T	N	E	T	A	P	R	Y	C	P	G
B	O	X	S	J	K	P	A	F	N	F	I	I	K	Q
O	U	G	E	E	T	R	S	Q	G	Z	J	D	P	M
R	C	Z	I	B	D	I	V	I	S	I	O	N	P	T
M	N	Y	T	T	Y	C	J	I	M	S	Q	A	L	H
G	D	U	I	I	V	E	L	X	D	O	L	L	T	G
V	Z	S	N	C	A	P	I	T	A	L	A	T	T	A
L	V	M	U	P	O	T	E	N	T	I	A	L	C	O
S	H	D	T	Z	I	K	B	Z	Z	E	M	L	A	W
E	C	A	R	E	E	R	Q	R	C	B	S	Q	R	V
G	P	V	O	N	O	S	V	N	W	E	A	L	T	H
A	L	H	P	P	D	K	N	W	S	K	M	V	N	F
W	X	K	P	R	F	D	Z	W	U	H	D	T	O	P
A	Z	O	O	E	Y	R	U	H	Y	E	N	U	C	R
Z	G	L	O	H	U	I	K	B	K	F	Q	Q	Q	W

### 6. Match the words to make phrases.

1. division	a career as a
2. to grant	a patent
3. to attain	for
4. opportunities	of labor
5. the profit	potential
6. to make	wealth

### 7. Put the verb in brackets into the Past Simple form.

- I ... (come) to England in 1993.
- She ... (stand) under a tree to shelter from the rain.
- They ... (do) their homework yesterday.

4. We ... (sing) too much last night - I have a sore throat!.
5. He already ... (eat) all the cake.
6. The child ... (fall) off his bicycle.
7. It ... (take) three hours to drive to Paris.
8. I ... (find) your keys under the table.
9. She ... (get) a new bike for her birthday.
10. She ... (sell) her house last year.
11. We ... (go) to New York in January.
12. Finally my mother ... (let) me go to a party.
13. It ... (be) cold last night.
14. I ... (meet) John at the weekend.
15. Lucy ... (pay) the bill before leaving the restaurant

**8. Choose "was" or "were":**

1. The teacher ... nice.
2. The students ... very clever.
3. But one student ... in trouble.
4. We ... sorry for him.
5. He ... nice though.

**9. Put the verbs into the correct form (simple future)**

James, 18 years old, asked an ugly fortune teller about his future. Here is what she told him:

1. You (be) very happy.
2. You (get) a lot of money.
3. You (buy) a beautiful house.
4. Your friends (envy) you.
5. You (meet) a beautiful girl.
6. You (marry) her.
7. You and your wife (travel) around the world.
8. People (serve) you.
9. They (not/refuse) to make you happy.
10. But all this (happen / only) when you are 70 years old.

## Lesson 3 Economic Systems

### 10. Unscramble the words below

- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| 1. ensocmu     | 6. cpeir       |
| 2. tieidrsbtu  | 7. aegw        |
| 3. eedidc      | 8. gemtovrenn  |
| 4. lwa         | 9. ocimttepoin |
| 5. relkaametcp |                |

### 11. Fill in the table.

Verb	Translation	Noun	Translation	Adjective	Translation
distribute	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.
6.	решить	7.	8.	9.	10.
----	----	law	11.	12.	13.
14.	15.	16.	конкурент	17.	18.
19.	20.	21.	22.	governmental	23.
24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	потребляемый

### 12. Put the words from the table above into the sentences.

- They ... the products worldwide.  
The ... of the journal lost a part of them.
- We pay our taxes according to the ... .  
We need to find the ... owner of the company.
- The meeting with the head of the company was ... .  
He made a ... to buy a car.
- The ... of milk grew last month.  
People should ... a lot of water every day.

### 13. Complete the following sentences using the correct degree of the adjective given in the brackets.

- My brother's handwriting is ... (bad) mine.
- Health is ... wealth. (important)
- Blood is ... water. (thick)
- Everest is ... peak in the world. (high)
- This is ... play I have ever heard on the radio. (interesting)
- Susie is ... of all the four sisters. (beautiful)
- The planet Mars is ... from the earth than the satellite Moon. (far)
- The elephant is ... animal in the world. (large)
- An ocean is certainly ... a sea. (big)
- I am ... in cricket than in football. (interested)



## Lesson 4 Taxation

### 14. Match the words to make phrases.

1. to impose	a tax
2. the tax	added tax
3. a legal	entity
4. a value	rate
5. an income	tax

### 15. Put the words from the previous exercise into the sentences.

1. A new ... was adopted, with flat income tax of 13%.
2. The international community can ... on ocean fishing or on the launch of space satellites.
3. The ... must have its own name, which contains an indication of its legal-organizational form.
4. The United States has the highest ... among developed countries.
5. ... is a tax that is added to the price of goods or services.

### 16. Fill in the Past Participle.

1. the (lose) ... son
2. an (interest) ... audience
3. a (break) ... leg
4. an (empty) ... bottle
5. a (close) ... door
6. a (decorate) ... room
7. two (pack) ... bags
8. the (write) ... letters
9. the (sell) ... car
10. the (buy) ... apples

### 17. Write passive sentences in Simple Present.

1. the documents / print
2. the window / open
3. the shoes / buy
4. the car / wash
5. the litter / throw away

### 18. Write passive sentences in Simple Past.

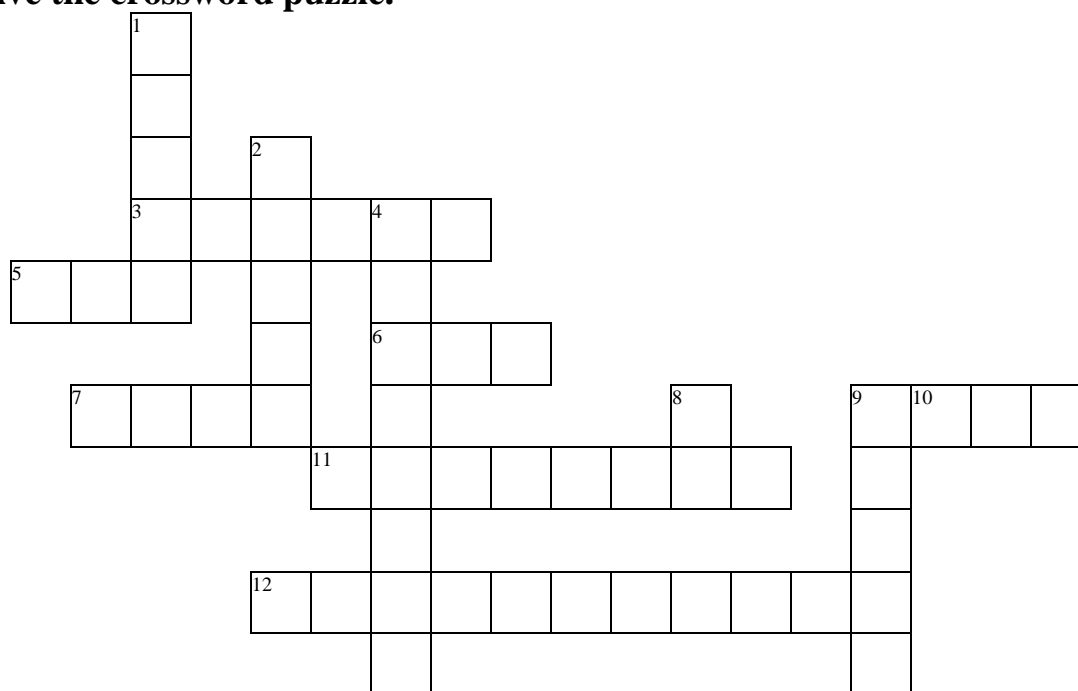
1. the test / write
2. the table / set
3. the cat / feed
4. the lights / switch on
5. the house / build

**19. Complete the sentences (Active or Passive Voice). Use Future Simple.**

1. The house (build) ... here.
2. You (send) ... home.
3. I (eat) ... an ice-cream.
4. We (go) ... home now.
5. I (help) ... you.
6. The match (win / not) ... by our team.
7. The weather (improve / not) ... tomorrow.
8. The trees (cut) ... down.
9. The meeting (cancel / not) ... .
10. They (do / not) ... that again.

## Lesson 5 Credits

### 20. Solve the crossword puzzle.



#### Across

3. \_\_\_ history – кредитная история  
 5. \_\_\_ date – срок выплаты  
 6. \_\_\_ annual percentage rate (APR) – годовая процентная ставка  
 7. – выплаты, сборы  
 9. – наличные  
 11. – кредитор  
 12. – очередной взнос, частичный платеж (при рассрочке)

#### Down

1. \_\_\_ period – льготный период, срок отсрочки платежа  
 2. – условия  
 4. – процент  
 8. \_\_\_ pay the bill – оплатить счет  
 9. – расходы, выплаты  
 10. \_\_\_ financial emergency – срочные нужды, чрезвычайная финансовая ситуация

### 21. Complete the table.

Noun	Adjective
cost	
	historical
finance	
	purchasable
period	

### 22. Complete the sentences with the words from the previous exercise.

- The training ... is between 16 and 18 months.
- She made ... visits to her dentist.

3. It was a ... mistake.
4. We are able to cover the ... of the event.
5. The banks are important sources of... .
6. The company is in ... difficulties.
7. The large number of videos currently available for... .
8. In some cases the software may no longer be ... .

**23. Use the verbs can, may, must in positive or negative forms.**

1. Excuse me! ... you speak French?
2. Alan isn't coming tonight. He ... come tomorrow, I hope.
3. There's a lot of work to do in the house. You ... help me!
4. You ... call him anymore. I have already called him.
5. She is over there. ... you see her?
6. ... I borrow your pen, please?
7. Teachers ... beat children. It's forbidden.
8. I can hear some voices. Someone ... be in the house.
9. We ... eat sweets! We are on a diet.
10. You ... buy it on Sunday if you want. The shops are open.
11. You ... drive me to the station. I can walk.
12. We want to be the best. We ... practice!

## Lesson 6 Types of Advertising

24. Find 9 words.

C	A	M	P	A	I	G	N	N	B	T
C	F	V	R	D	I	S	P	L	A	Y
O	P	S	O	V	O	P	L	U	N	Z
M	L	C	M	E	U	F	L	C	N	J
M	A	E	O	R	F	U	Q	B	E	L
E	C	I	T	T	G	P	Z	E	R	J
R	E	J	E	I	I	S	C	N	C	T
C	L	A	S	S	I	F	I	E	D	Y
I	S	T	S	I	R	F	E	F	T	R
A	W	J	I	N	J	F	H	I	Z	O
L	O	O	N	G	M	D	D	T	P	K

25. Match pictures and words.

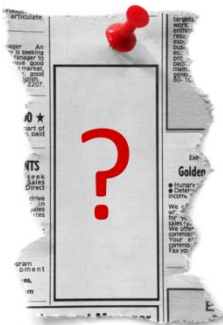
advertisement      banner advertisement      billboard  
classified advertising      commercial      display advertisement



1.

2.

3.



4.

5.

6.

**26. Build Gerund from the following words and put them into the sentences.**

try, steal, meet, look, write, make, be run, wash, play, eat, splash, go, drive, take

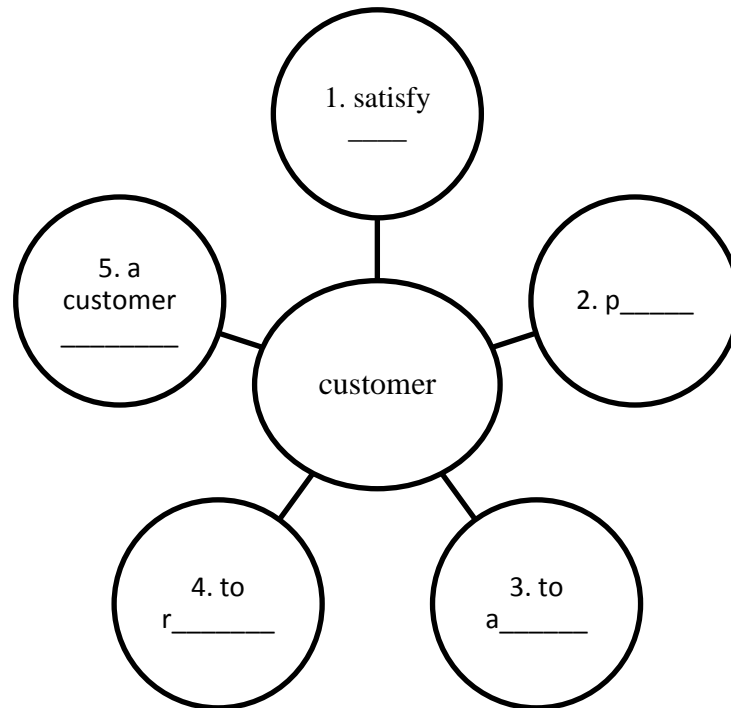
1. Could you please stop ... so much noise?
2. I don't enjoy ... letters.
3. Does your job involve ... a lot of people?
4. I considered ... the job, but in the end I decided against it.
5. If you use the shower, try and avoid ... water on the floor.
6. Jake gave up ... to be an actor and decided to become a teacher.
7. Have you finished ... your hair yet?
8. The phone rang while Ann was having dinner. She didn't answer it; she just went on ...
9. She admitted ... the car but denied ... it dangerously.
10. Why do you keep on ... at me like that?
11. They had to postpone ... away because their son was sick.
12. If you cross the street without looking, you risk ... over by a car.

**27. Combine the clauses using participle constructions.**

1. The boy who carried a blue parcel crossed the street.
2. The battle was fought at this place. The battle was very significant.
3. She lay in her bed and wept bitter tears.
4. The books which were sent to us are for my aunt.
5. She stood at the corner and talked to her friends.
6. The children went from house to house. They played trick or treat.
7. He was very tall. He became a basketball player.
8. He was waiting in the hall. He overheard a conversation.
9. The picture which was stolen from a museum was offered on Ebay.
10. The song which was sung last night is still in my head.

## Lesson 7. Marketing

### 28. Fill in the wordweb.



### 29. Match the words and explanations.

consumer	marketing research	competitive environment
to meet the needs and wants	target market	

1. A person who buys or gets the goods.
2. The market that you want to work in.
3. To give people what they want.
4. When there are a lot of competitors on the market.
5. You conduct it to know what people need and how to satisfy their needs.

### 30. Put the verb into the Present Continuous or the Present Simple form.

1. I (not to drink) coffee now.
2. I (to write) an English exercise at the moment.
3. I (not to drink) coffee every day.
4. Alex (to do) his homework now?
5. Look! The baby (to run).
6. Lisa's baby always (to sleep) after dinner.
7. My grandfather (not to work). He is retired.
8. I usually (to get) up at eight o'clock in the morning.
9. My sister (not to play) the piano now. She usually (to play) the piano in the evening.

## Lesson 8. Personal Budgeting

### 31. Match the words to make phrases.

to save up	account
actual	an item on credit
to purchase	aside
everyday	earnings
total	expenses
an emergency	expenses
to set	fund
savings	funds
money	market fund
CDs Certificate	of deposit
mutual	the money

### 32. Unscramble the words.

1. peseenxs
2. dubigtntge
3. osdbn
4. scokts
5. etcripe
6. nasgsvi
7. tsiesreicu

### 33. Make sentences and put the adverbs (in italic print) in correctly (behind the verb or object).

1. is / over there / the cinema -
2. The cinema is over there.
3. inside / go / let's -
4. the kitchen / downstairs / is -
5. playing / the kids / are / outside -
6. she / not / been / here / has -
7. the bathroom / is / upstairs -
8. were / everywhere / we / for / looking / you -
9. we / anywhere / you / find / couldn't -
10. ? / there / a post office / nearby / is -
11. must / we / walk / back home -

### 34. Turn the affirmative sentences in negative sentences and the negative in affirmative sentences.

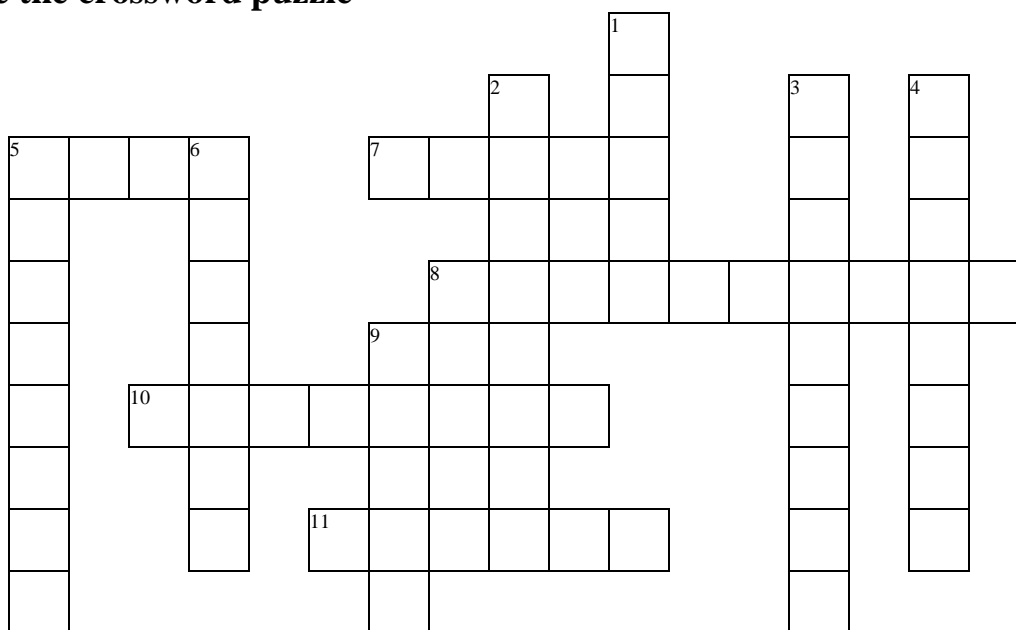
1. Don't eat my sweets.
2. Don't copy your friend's homework.
3. Tidy your room before dinner.



4. Don't play computer games now.
5. Don't be late.
6. Help your mum with the shopping.
7. Open your books.
8. Eat a lot of vegetables.
9. Take a sandwich.
10. Look before you cross the road.

## Lesson 9. Economic indicators

### 35. Solve the crossword puzzle



#### Across

5. \_\_\_\_\_ down – сокращать (напр., производство)
7. \_\_\_\_\_ the economy - ускорять развитие экономики
8. \_\_\_\_\_ – материальное благополучие
10. \_\_\_\_\_ output – общий объем продукции, произведенной в данной стране, совокупный продукт
11. \_\_\_\_\_ of the (national) economy – отрасль (народного) хозяйства

#### Down

1. \_\_\_\_\_ value – общая стоимость
2. \_\_\_\_\_ – прогнозировать
3. \_\_\_\_\_ – спад, рецессия
4. \_\_\_\_\_ growth – экономический рост
5. \_\_\_\_\_ of living – уровень жизни
6. \_\_\_\_\_ – благосостояние
9. \_\_\_\_\_ interest rates – снизить процентные ставки

### 36. Put the verb into the Past Simple or Present Perfect form.

1. I (to visit) Moscow in 2009 but I (not/ to be) there since that time.
2. – You (ever/ to write) a book? – No, I (never/ to write) any books.
3. – You (to see) my keys? I (to look) everywhere.

4. – You (to buy) a new cell phone recently? – Yeah I (to buy) one last month.
5. He is a great friend. I (to meet) him in school when I was 14.
6. You (to see) last Harry Potter film? Yes, I (to watch) it last week.

### Lesson 10 Business entities

#### 37. Unscramble the words in the sentences.

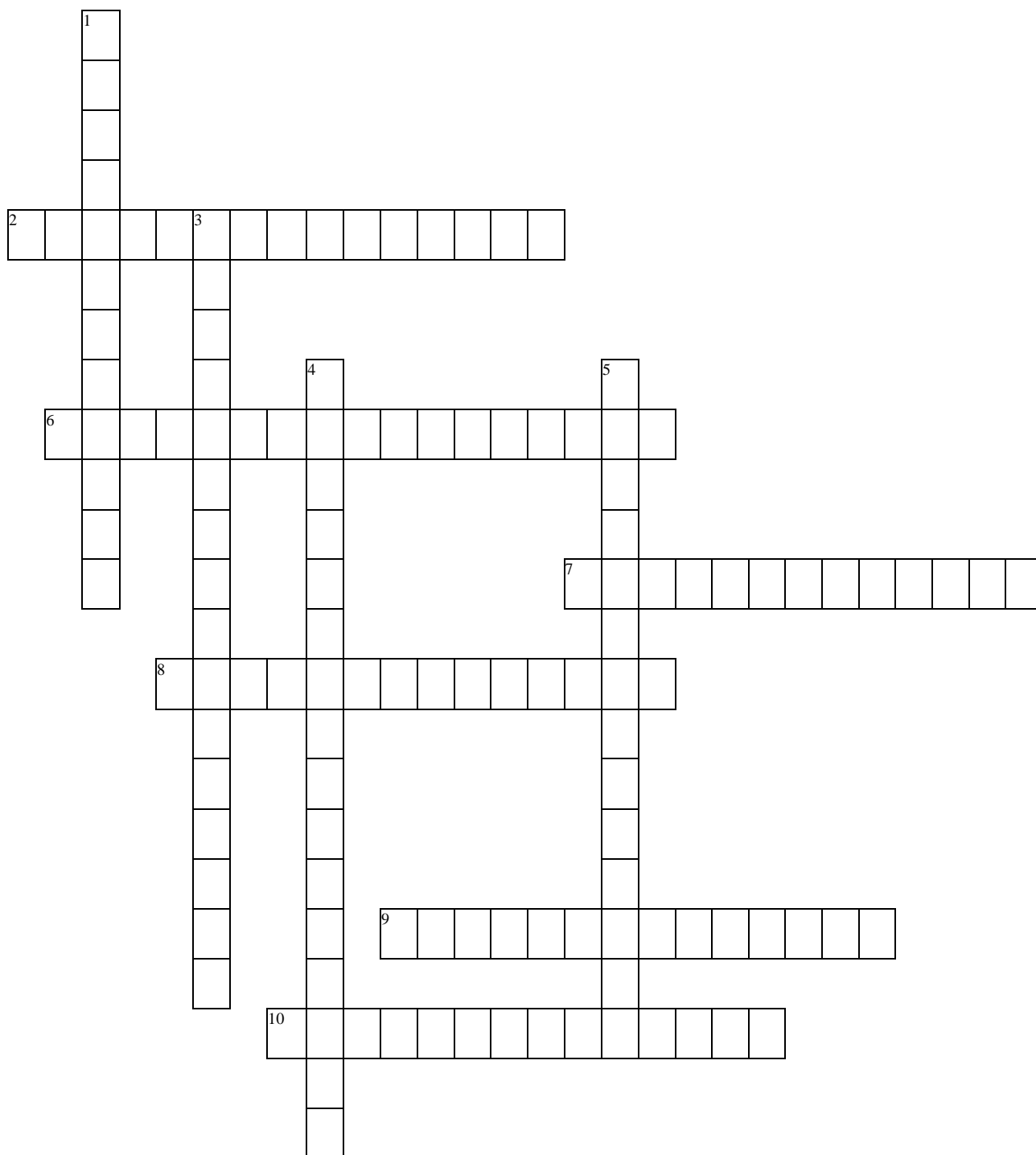
1. Commercial Bank "National Business Development Bank" (LLIITEBYLIIMDATI \_\_\_\_\_ Company) (the "Bank") was established in the Russian Federation by decision of the founders on 14 September 1993
2. This means that it is sufficient proof of identity when a YNLGAELTITE \_\_\_\_\_ identifies itself by stating its name, address and business registration number.
3. His property and SPEASTNSRAOLES \_\_\_\_\_ were ordered confiscated.
4. On the island of New Providence, there are 50 VWONEROMETND-GNE \_\_\_\_\_ and 28 independent institutions.
5. Mars is one of the world's largest VDEOYWLRIATPEN \_\_\_\_\_ corporations.
6. They faced a period of some months when the share price would remain fairly static.
7. We did let him NUAAPCMNROY \_\_\_\_\_ , but he didn't do very well.

#### 38. Re-write the following into a single sentence using a participle clause.

1. Sue was lying in the sun. She got sunburned.
2. John has just retired. He is now able to spend more time gardening.
3. They bought their cinema tickets. Then they went to find a seat.
4. The student sat in front of the computer and wrote his essay.
5. Some people argue against school uniforms. They feel children should wear what they want to.
6. Some students are disappointed in their progress at school. These students often do not go into further education.
7. Children do not have the maturity to make every choice themselves. A parent or guardian is need to make decisions on their behalf.
8. I didn't want to break the law. I called the police instead.
9. John travelled overseas a lot as a teenager. He is more open minded to different cultures.

## Lesson 11. Startups

39. Solve the crossword puzzle.



### Across

- 2. – приносить доход
- 6. – текущие расходы
- 7. – покрывать расходы

### Down

- 1. - бизнес-план
- 3. – привлечь финансирование
- 4. - денежные вложения, финансовые



**43. Choose the correct variant.**

1. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. I've worked in the garden all day and now I'm tired.
  - b. I've been working in the garden all day and now I'm tired.
2. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. What have you done? You're all wet.
  - b. What have you been doing? You're all wet.
3. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. I've finished my homework. Now I'm going to watch TV.
  - b. I've been finishing my homework. Now I'm going to watch TV.
4. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. What have you done with my keys? - I haven't seen your keys.
  - b. What have you been doing with my keys? - I haven't seen your keys.
5. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. She's worked in the garden all morning and she's still not finished.
  - b. She's been working in the garden all morning and she's still not finished.
6. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. Why are you sweating? - I've cut the grass.
  - b. Why are you sweating? - I've been cutting the grass.
7. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. How many biscuits have you eaten?
  - b. How many biscuits have you been eating?
8. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. How long have you known her?
  - b. How long have you been knowing her?
9. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. I've had this computer for over 10 years.
  - b. I've been having this computer for over 10 years.
10. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. I've had piano lessons for over 10 years and I'm still not very good.
  - b. I've been having piano lessons for over 10 years and I'm still not very good.
11. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. How long has he seen her? - Not long, but they're getting married next month.
  - b. How long has he been seeing her? - Not long, but they're getting married next month.
12. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
  - a. I have cooked for the last two hours and now you tell me you're not hungry!
  - b. I have been cooking for the last two hours and now you tell me you're not hungry!

13. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- He's put on a lot of weight since he came to Germany.
  - He's been putting on a lot of weight since he came to Germany.
14. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- Why are you crying? - I've cut onions.
  - Why are you crying? - I've been cutting onions.
15. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- Has the film started yet?
  - Has the film been starting yet?
16. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- They have built the new road around the school for more than a year.
  - They have been building the new road around the school for more than a year.
17. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- Teacher to student: Have you done your homework?
  - Teacher to student: Have you been doing your homework?
18. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- Someone has taken my dictionary!
  - Someone has been taking my dictionary!
19. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- Has John told you about the party next week? - No, I haven't seen him today.
  - Has John been telling you about the party next week? - No, I haven't seen him today.
20. Which of the two sentences below is the better or more likely?
- Has John told you about the party next week? - No, we were talking about last weekend.
  - Has John been telling you about the party next week? - No, we were talking about last weekend.

**44. Complete the sentences. Decide if you need to use the present perfect simple or the progressive.**

I (study) ... all day, but

I am afraid I (learn/not) ... much.

Andrew (eat) ... two bars of chocolate today.

The boy's clothes are dirty because he (play) ... in the mud.

I (arrive/just) ... at the station.

We are exhausted because we (do) ... exercise all morning.

Edward feels a bit unsteady because he (cycle/not) ... for five years.

How long (you/work) ... for this company?

The kids (finish/not) ... their homework yet.

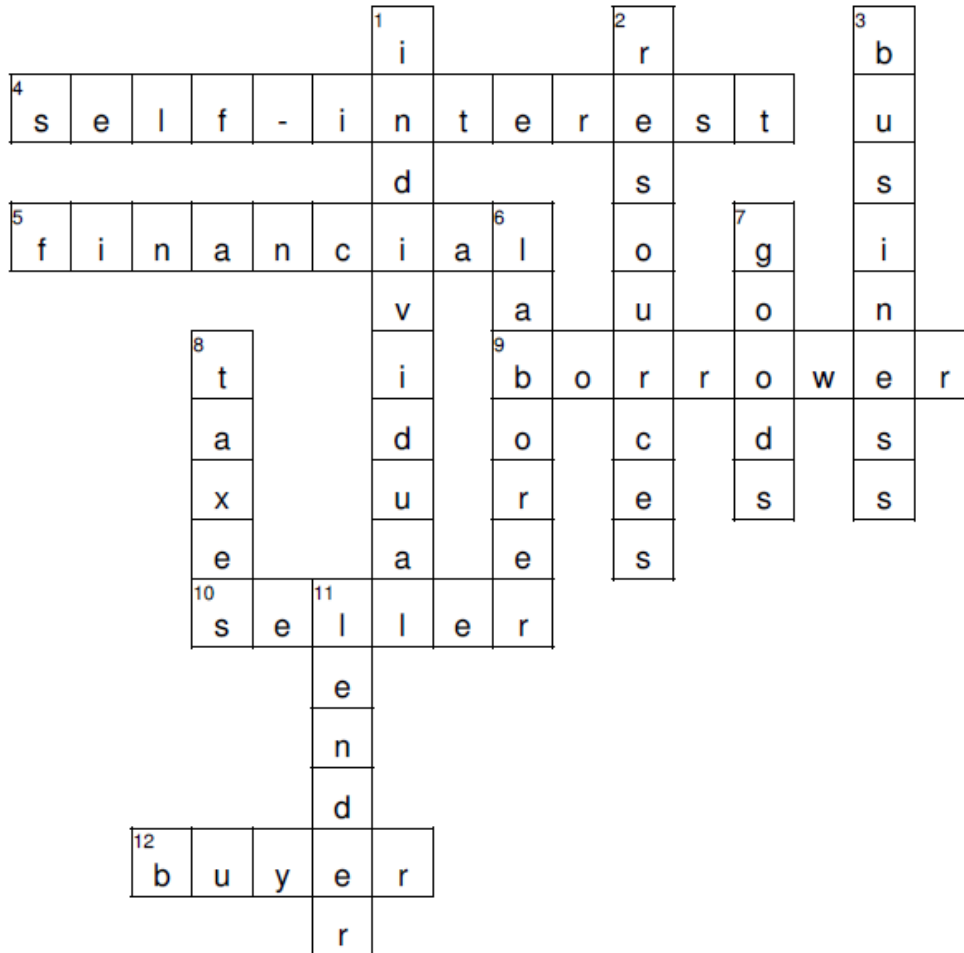
Niall (watch) ... the film seven times.



## Answer key

### Lesson 1 What is economics?

#### 1. Solve the crossword puzzle below



#### 2. Choose the correct form of the following verbs:

1. Ann plays handball very well.
2. I never drink coffee.
3. The swimming pool opens at 7:00 in the morning.
4. It closes at 9:00 in the evening.
5. Bad driving causes many accidents.
6. My parents live in a very small flat.
7. The Olympic Games take place every four years.
8. They are good students. They always do their homework.
9. My students speak a little English.
10. I always wake up early in the morning.

#### 3. Write positive sentences in simple past.



1. He answered the question.
2. You asked a question.
3. The dog barked.
4. They called us.
5. We climbed a mountain.
6. John collected stamps.
7. We lived in London.
8. I was hungry.
9. They had a hamster.
10. He went to school.

**4. Write questions in simple past.**

1. Did Anna open the window?
2. Did she walk home?
3. Did you work in the garden?
4. Did you sing a song?
5. Did she sit on a chair?
6. Did you visit the castle?
7. Did Jenny lock the door?
8. Was she happy?
9. Did Greg kick the ball?
10. Did the car stop at the corner?

**Lesson 2 Economic theories**

**5. Find 13 words from the Wordbank.**

E	F	F	B	T	N	E	T	A	P	R	Y	C	P	G
B	O	X	S	J	K	P	A	F	N	F	I	I	K	Q
O	U	G	E	E	T	R	S	Q	G	Z	J	D	P	M
R	C	Z	I	B	D	I	V	I	S	I	O	N	P	T
M	N	Y	T	T	Y	C	J	I	M	S	Q	A	L	H
G	D	U	I	I	V	E	L	X	D	O	L	L	T	G
V	Z	S	N	C	A	P	I	T	A	L	A	T	T	A
L	V	M	U	P	O	T	E	N	T	I	A	L	C	O
S	H	D	T	Z	I	K	B	Z	Z	E	M	L	A	W
E	C	A	R	E	E	R	Q	R	C	B	S	Q	R	V
G	P	V	O	N	O	S	V	N	W	E	A	L	T	H
A	L	H	P	P	D	K	N	W	S	K	M	V	N	F
W	X	K	P	R	F	D	Z	W	U	H	D	T	O	P
A	Z	O	O	E	Y	R	U	H	Y	E	N	U	C	R
Z	G	L	O	H	U	I	K	B	K	F	Q	Q	Q	W

**6. Match the words to make phrases.**

1. division of labor
2. to grant a patent
3. to attain wealth
4. opportunities for
5. the profit potential
6. to make a career as a

**7. Put the verb in brackets into the Past Simple form.**

1. came
2. stood
3. did
4. sang
5. ate
6. fell
7. took
8. found
9. got
10. sold
11. went
12. let
13. was
14. met
15. paid

**8. Choose "was" or "were":**

1. The teacher was nice.
2. The students were very clever.
3. But one student was in trouble.
4. We were sorry for him.
5. He was nice though.

**9. Put the verbs into the correct form (simple future)**

1. You will be/'ll be very happy.
2. You will get/'ll get a lot of money.
3. You will buy/'ll buy a beautiful house.
4. Your friends will envy/'ll envy you.
5. You will meet/'ll meet a beautiful woman.
6. You will marry/'ll marry her.
7. You and your wife will travel/'ll travel around the world.
8. People will serve/'ll serve you.
9. They will not refuse/'ll not refuse to make you happy.
10. But all this will only happen/'ll only happen when you are 70 years old.

## Lesson 3 Economic Systems

### 10. Please unscramble the words below

1. consume
2. distribute
3. decide
4. law
5. marketplace
6. price
7. wage
8. government
9. competition

### 11. Fill in the table.

10. распространять
11. distribution
12. распространение
13. distributional
14. распределительный
15. решить
16. decision
17. решение
18. decisive
19. решительный
20. закон
21. lawful
22. законный
23. compete
24. конкурировать
25. competitor
26. competitive
27. конкурентный
28. govern
29. править
30. government
31. правительство
32. правительский
33. consume
34. потреблять
35. consumer
36. потребитель
37. consumable

**12. Put the words from the table above into the sentences.**

1. distribute / distributor
2. law / lawful
3. decisive / decision
4. consumption / consume

**13. Complete the following sentences using the correct degree of the adjective given in the brackets.**

1. My brother's handwriting is worse than mine.
2. Health is more important than wealth.
3. Blood is thicker than water.
4. Everest is the highest peak in the world.
5. This is the most interesting play that I have ever heard on the radio.
6. Susie is the most beautiful of all the four sisters.
7. The planet Mars is farther from the earth than the satellite moon.
8. The elephant is the largest animal in the world.
9. An ocean is certainly bigger than a sea.
10. I am more interested in cricket than in football.

**Lesson 4 Taxation**

**14. Match the words to make phrases.**

1. to impose a tax
2. the tax rate
3. a legal entity
4. a value added tax
5. an income tax

**15. Put the words from the previous exercise into the sentences.**

1. tax code
2. impose a tax
3. legal entity
4. tax rate
5. value added tax

**16. Fill in the Past Participle.**

1. the lost son
2. an interested audience
3. a broken leg
4. an emptied bottle
5. a closed door
6. a decorated room
7. two packed bags

8. the written letters
9. the sold car
- 10.the bought apples

**17. Write passive sentences in Simple Present.**

1. The documents are printed.
2. The window is opened.
3. The shoes are bought.
4. The car is washed.
5. The litter is thrown away.

**18. Write passive sentences in Simple Past.**

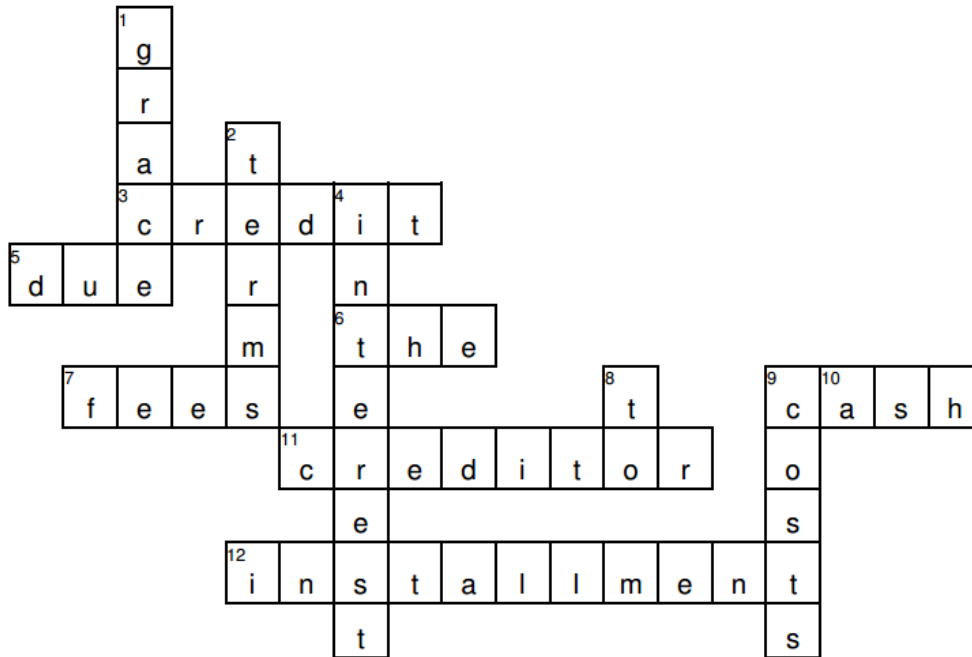
1. The test was written.
2. The table was set.
3. The cat was fed.
4. The lights were switched on.
5. The house was built.

**19. Complete the sentences (Active or Passive Voice). Use Future Simple.**

1. The house will be built here.
2. You will be sent home.
3. I will eat an ice-cream.
4. We will go home now.
5. I will help you.
6. The match will not be won by our team.
7. The weather will not improve tomorrow.
8. The trees will be cut down.
9. The meeting will not be cancelled.
- 10.They will not do that again.

## Lesson 5 Credits

20. Solve the crossword puzzle.



21. Complete the table.

Noun	Adjective
cost	costly
history	historical
finance	financial
purchase	purchasable
period	periodical

22. Complete the sentences with the words from the previous exercise.

1. period
2. periodical
3. costly
4. cost
5. finance
6. financial
7. purchase
8. purchasable

23. Use the verbs can, may, must in positive or negative forms.

1. Can
2. may / can
3. must

4. need not
5. Can
6. Can / May
7. must not
8. must
9. must not / cannot
10. can / may
11. need not
12. must

## Lesson 6 Types of Advertising

### 24. Find 9 words.

C	A	M	P	A	I	G	N	N	B	T
C	F	V	R	D	I	S	P	L	A	Y
O	P	S	O	V	O	P	L	U	N	Z
M	L	C	M	E	U	F	L	C	N	J
M	A	E	O	R	F	U	Q	B	E	L
E	C	I	T	T	G	P	Z	E	R	J
R	E	J	E	I	I	S	C	N	C	T
C	L	A	S	S	I	F	I	E	D	Y
I	S	T	S	I	R	F	E	F	T	R
A	W	J	I	N	J	F	H	I	Z	O
L	O	O	N	G	M	D	D	T	P	K

### 25. Match pictures and words.

1. advertisement
2. banner advertisement
3. billboard
4. classified advertising
5. commercial
6. display advertisement

**26. Build Gerund from the following words and put them into the sentences.**

1. Could you please stop making so much noise?
2. I don't enjoy writing letters.
3. Does your job involve meeting a lot of people?
4. I considered taking the job, but in the end I decided against it.
5. If you use the shower, try and avoid splashing water on the floor.
6. Jake gave up trying to be an actor and decided to become a teacher.
7. Have you finished washing your hair yet?
8. The phone rang while Ann was having dinner. She didn't answer it; she just went on eating.
9. She admitted stealing the car but denied driving it dangerously.
10. Why do you keep on looking at me like that?
11. They had to postpone going away because their son was sick.
12. If you cross the street without looking, you risk being run over by a car.

**27. Combine the clauses using participle constructions.**

1. The boy who carried a blue parcel crossed the street. The boy carrying a blue parcel crossed the street.
2. The battle was fought at this place. The battle was very significant. The battle fought at this place was very significant.
3. She lay in her bed and wept bitter tears. She lay in her bed weeping bitter tears.
4. The books which were sent to us are for my aunt. The books sent to us are for my aunt.
5. She stood at the corner and talked to her friends. She stood at the corner talking to her friends.
6. The children went from house to house. They played trick or treat. The children went from house to house playing trick or treat.
7. He was very tall. He became a basketball player. Being very tall, he became a basketball player.
8. He was waiting in the hall. He overheard a conversation. Waiting in the hall, he overheard a conversation.
9. The picture which was stolen from a museum was offered on Ebay. The picture stolen from a museum was offered on Ebay.
10. The song which was sung last night is still in my head. The song sung last night is still in my head.

**Lesson 7. Marketing**

**28. Fill in the wordweb.**

- 1 to satisfy customer needs
- 2 potential customers
- 3 to attract customers



- 4 to retain customers
- 5 a customer-oriented business

**29. Match the words and explanations.**

1. consumer
2. target market
3. to meet the needs and wants
4. competitive environment
5. marketing research

**30. Put the verb into the Present Continuous or the Present Simple form.**

1. I'm not drinking;
2. am writing;
3. don't drink;
4. is Alex doing;
5. is running;
6. sleeps;
7. doesn't work;
8. get up;
9. isn't playing; plays.

**Lesson 8. Personal Budgeting**

**31. Match the words to make phrases.**

1. to save up      the money
2. actual      expenses
3. to purchase      an item on credit
4. everyday      expenses
5. total      earnings
6. an emergency      fund
7. to set      aside
8. savings      account
9. money      market fund
10. CDs Certificate      of deposit
11. mutual      funds

**32. Unscramble the words.**

1. peseenxs is expenses.
2. dubigtge is budgeting.
3. osdbn is bonds.
4. scokts is stocks.
5. etcripe is receipt.
6. nasgsvi is savings.

7. tsiesreicu is securities.

**33. Make sentences and put the adverbs (in italic print) in correctly (behind the verb or object).**

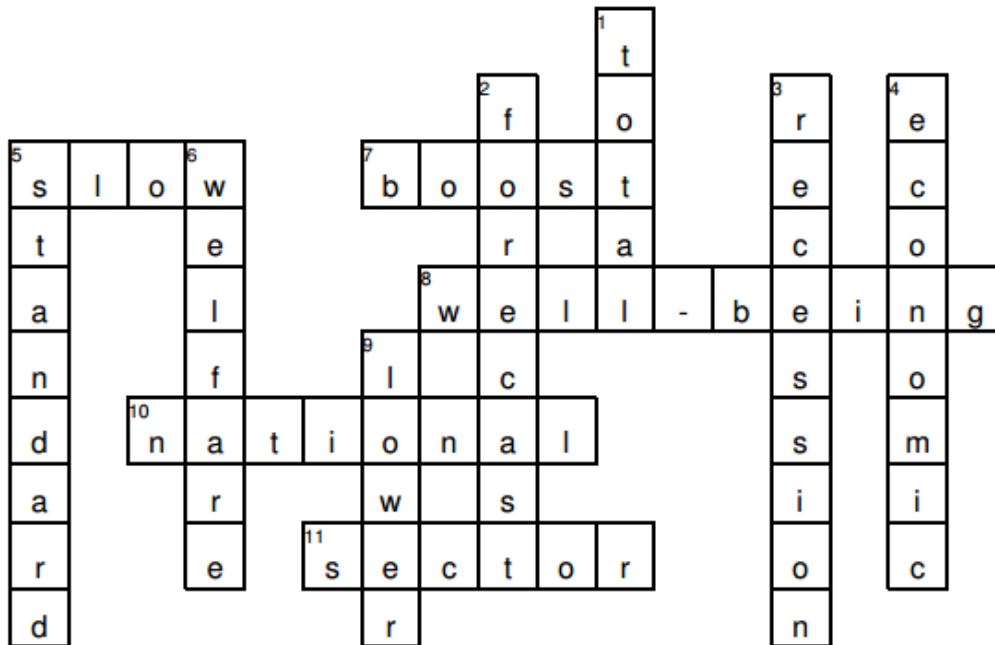
1. The cinema is over there.
2. Let's go inside.
3. The kitchen is downstairs.
4. The kids are playing outside.
5. She has not been here.
6. The bathroom is upstairs.
7. We were looking for you everywhere.
8. We couldn't find you anywhere.
9. Is there a post office nearby?
10. We must walk back home.

**34. Turn the affirmative sentences in negative sentences and the negative in affirmative sentences.**

1. Eat my sweets.
2. Copy your friend's homework.
3. Don't tidy your room before dinner.
4. Play computer games now.
5. Be late.
6. Don't help your mum with the shopping.
7. Don't open your books.
8. Don't eat a lot of vegetables.
9. Don't take a sandwich.
10. Don't look before you cross the road.

**Lesson 9. Economic indicators**

**35. Solve the crossword puzzle**



**36. Put the verb into the Past Simple or Present Perfect form.**

1. I visited; I haven't been;
2. Have you ever written; I have never written;
3. Have you seen; I have looked;
4. have you bought; I bought;
5. I met;
6. Have you seen; I watched.

**Lesson 10 Business entities**

**37. Unscramble the words in the sentences.**

1. Limited Liability
2. legal entity
3. personal assets
4. government-owned
5. privately owned
6. share
7. run a company

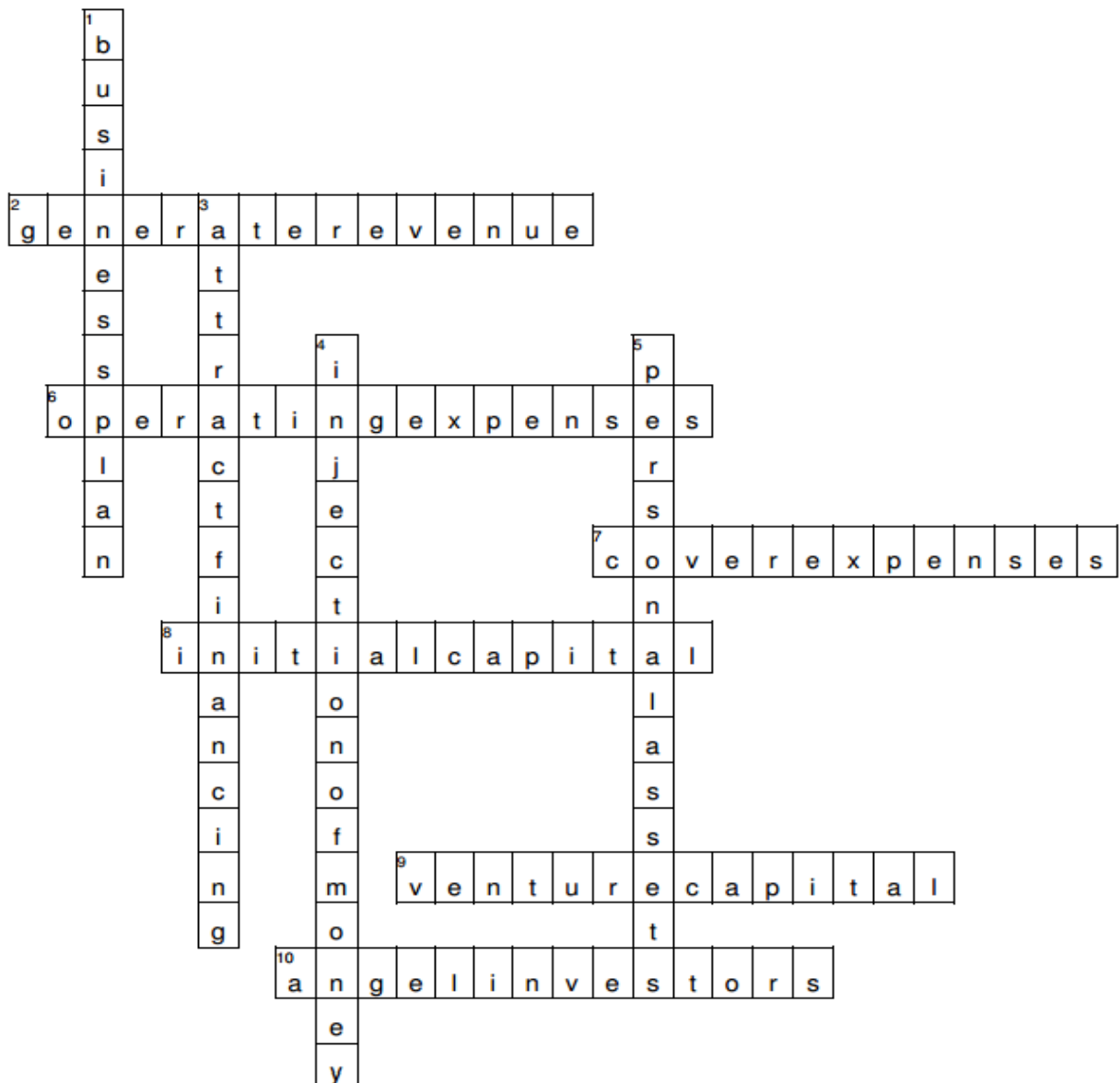
**38. Re-write the following into a single sentence using a participle clause.**

1. Lying in the sun, Sue got sunburned.
2. Having just retired, John is now able to spend more time gardening.
3. Having bought their tickets, they went to find a seat.
4. Sitting in front of the computer, the student wrote his essay.
5. Arguing against school uniforms, some people feel children should wear what they want to.

6. Disappointed in their progress at school, these/some students often do not go into further education.
7. Not having the maturity to make every choice themselves, children need a parent or guardian to make decisions on their behalf.
8. Not wanting to break the law, I called the police instead.
9. Having travelled overseas a lot as a teenager, John is more open to different cultures.

## Lesson 11. Startups

39. Solve the crossword puzzle.



#### 40. Match the words and definitions.

innovation  
founder  
exceed  
venture capital  
revenues  
funding

#### Lesson 12. Job seeking

#### 41. Match the words and translation.

1. a degree – степень
2. to graduate from university – оканчивать (вуз)
3. to apply for a job – подавать заявку на работу
4. an applicant – претендент
5. an application letter – сопроводительное письмо
6. hire employees – нанимать работников
7. résumé – резюме
8. job interview – собеседование
9. references – рекомендации
10. vacancy – вакансия

#### 42. Unscramble the words below.

1. drdeseocs is dress code .
2. inpeetilrbsissoi is responsibilities.
3. scoafiiulqtian is qualifications .
4. cxpereeien is experience .
5. rylaas is salary .
6. ptceac is accept .
7. damettrpen is department .
8. oylrpeme is employer .
9. sfatf is staff .
10. lslski is skills .

#### 43. Choose the correct variant.

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| 1. b |      |
| 2.   | 9. a |
| 3. b | 10.a |
| 4. a | 11.a |
| 5. a | 12.b |
| 6. b | 13.b |
| 7. b | 14.a |
| 8. a | 15.b |

16.a  
17.b  
18.a

19.a  
20.a  
21.b

**44. Complete the sentences. Decide if you need to use the present perfect simple or the progressive.**

1. I have been studying all day, but
2. I am afraid I have not learnt much.
3. Andrew has eaten two bars of chocolate today.
4. The boy's clothes are dirty because he has been playing in the mud.
5. I have just arrived at the station.
6. We are exhausted because we have been doing exercise all morning.
7. Edward feels a bit unsteady because he has not cycled for five years.
8. How long have you been working for this company?
9. The kids have not finished their homework yet.
10. Niall has watched the film seven times.

**Рейтинговая система оценки успеваемости**

За каждый правильный ответ засчитывается один балл, затем вычисляется количество баллов в процентах. Пересчет в традиционную оценку приведен ниже.

Табл. 1 Пересчет суммы баллов в традиционную и международную оценку (зачет)

<b>Оценка (ФГОС)</b>	<b>Итоговая сумма баллов, в %</b>	<b>Оценка (ECTS)</b>
5 (отлично) / зачтено	90 - 100	A (отлично)
4 (хорошо) / зачтено	85 – 89	B (очень хорошо)
	75 – 84	C (хорошо)
3 (удовлетворительно) / зачтено	70 - 74	D (удовлетворительно)
	65 – 69	
	60 - 64	E (посредственно)
2 (неудовлетворительно), (не зачтено)	Ниже 60	F (неудовлетворительно)